Focus on the Foundation

Grade

Issue #12 January 20, 2020

Unit 5 Lesson 23 and Lesson 24

Weekly Skills: Phonics & Fluency

Lesson

Phonics: Suffixes –y, -ly, -ful

Final Stable Syllables –tion, -ture

Fluency: Rate: Adjust Rate to Purpose

Grammar: Irregular Verbs

Decodables: Fraidy Cat and Bugs in Action

Content

NEW! Journeys Foundational Skills PPT Lesson 23 **NEW!** Decodable Reader Lesson 23

Phonics: The syllables –tion and –ture are the **final syllables** in a lot of words and always make the same sound-hence they are stable. When -tion is added to the end of a word, it makes that word a noun. A suffix can be a letter or group of letters added to the ending of words to change their meaning or function. Such as -ful: full of or notable of. -y: made up of or characterized by, and ly in what manner something is being done

Fluency: Explain to students that good readers adjust their rate according to their purpose for reading. They may read slowly when they need to better understand text. They may speed up when they are looking for information or reviewing text.

Grammar: Have, has, or had match the time that the sentence tells about. Have or has tell about present time. Had tells about past time.

Instructional Strategies

Fluency: Adjust Rate to Purpose - Be certain to model this process by reading aloud and adjusting your reading rate as you go.

Final Stable Syllables Bingo

https://scsk12.sharepoint.com/:b:/s/EarlyLiteracyTeam/ESfYqZG PF31Cn2P_AdoY7toBagafTsn6P7SvZkliN2m9xw?e=DacS8u

Grammar: Has and Have https://youtu.be/zJASHLh7VIA

Matching Suffixes:

http://bigbrownbear.co.uk/demo/suffix.htm

Work Stations/Small Groups

Lesson 60 (final stable syllable -tion): Print a few copies of the task and put them in sheet protectors. Let students complete the tasks with dry erase markers. After completion, students can erase their work, and the sheets are ready for the next group.

http://www.theschoolhouse.us/lessons/lesson60.html Words with -y, -ly, -ful:

http://www.tlsbooks.com/wordswithylyandful.pdf

Weekly Skills: Phonics & Fluency

Lesson

Phonics: Prefixes re-, un-, pre-, over-, mis-

Silent Consonants kn-, -mb, wr-, gn-

Fluency: Accuracy: Expression **Grammar:** Irregular Acton Verbs

Decodables: The Unreal Party and Knick and Knack

Content

NEW! Journeys Foundational Skills PPT Lesson 24 **NEW!** Decodable Reader Lesson 24

Phonics: Prefixes are word parts that can be added to the beginning of a base word. A prefix changes the meaning of a base word. The silent 'k' and 'g' in words such as gnaw, gnat, knee and knife are Viking words with letters that used to be pronounced, so they are still spelled the same way, but the pronunciation has changed. Although these letters are silent, they remain so that you can see their history and origin. Fluency: Expression refers to the ability to change your voice to show feeling when reading.

Grammar: An **irregular action verb** is a verb in which the past tense is not formed by adding the usual -ed ending. Examples of irregular verbs are come (past tense came); run (ran); and go (went).

Instructional Strategies

Nessy Reading Strategy: Silent Letters:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6p4hRbPQC2w

Matching Prefixes:

http://www.bigbrownbear.co.uk/demo/prefix.htm

Grammar: Quizlet Irregular Verbs:

https://quizlet.com/86756243/past-tense-regular-and-

irregular-verbs-2nd-grade-flash-cards/

Work Stations/Small Groups

Lesson 61 (Silent letter combinations: wr, kn, mn, **mb):** Print a few copies of the task and put them in sheet protectors. Let students complete the tasks with dry erase markers.

http://www.theschoolhouse.us/lessons/lesson61.html **Prefix-O**

http://www.fcrr.org/studentactivities/v_011a.pdf